



**University of Management and Technology,
Lahore**

**Department of Clinical Psychology
School of Professional Psychology**

We train Professionals

Entry Test Question Booklet

MS Clinical/Counselling Psychology

Instructions for candidates

1. *The questions can be multiple choice, true/false or matching items type.*
2. *Each right answer gets 1 mark- wrong answers do not count (there is no negative marking for guessing the correct answer)*
3. *Please do not write anything in this document*
4. *Time allocated to complete the paper shall be 90 minutes.*
5. *Please follow all the instructions of the invigilators.*

MS Clinical/Counselling Psychology

1. According to Piaget the attainment of formal operation is characterized by
 - a. Understanding of Object Permanence
 - b. Preoperational Thinking
 - c. Beginning of Symbol usage
 - d. Ability to manipulate abstract concept
 - e. Tertiary circular reaction
2. According to Research in Observational Learning which of the following statement is most accurate
 - a. It is not necessary to limit the amount of time school age children spend on watching Television
 - b. Children imitate behavior displayed by their parents
 - c. A child will display aggressive behavior after observing an adult hitting a doll
 - d. The development of social behavior in preschool children is derived primarily from innate tendencies
 - e. Children are not likely to learn by merely observing the behavior of social model
3. Who first showed that Contact Comfort was necessary for the formation of mother infant attachment bond
 - a. Sigmund Freud
 - b. John Bowlby
 - c. Mary Ainsworth
 - d. Konrad Lorenz
 - e. Harry Harlow
4. According to Erikson which of the following is the central crisis of adolescence
 - a. Identity VS Role Confusion
 - b. Trust VS Mistrust
 - c. Industry VS Inferiority
 - d. Generativity VS Stagnation
 - e. Intimacy VS Isolation
5. Which of the following is the defining characteristic of Random Sampling
 - a. The sample is stratified

- b. The sample is miniature version of the population
 - c. The researcher haphazardly selects the subjects for her sample
 - d. The sample is the representative of the population
 - e. Each member of the population has an equal chance of being selected
6. Face validity refers to which of the following:
- a. A construct is a hypothetical or inferred attribute that may not be directly observable or directly measurable
 - b. The notion that an assessment method may appear to be valid simply because it has questions which intuitively seem relevant to the trait or characteristic being measured
 - c. The scale of emotional responding
 - d. Facial expression is used to make a diagnosis
 - e. Give accurate results of research questions
7. The independent variable in an experiment is
- a. The subject himself
 - b. A measure of the subject's behavior
 - c. The variable that is manipulated
 - d. Any unwanted variable that may adversely affect the subject's performance
 - e. What you measure in the experiment
8. Sampling in qualitative research is similar to which type of sampling in quantitative research?
- a. Simple random sampling
 - b. Systematic sampling
 - c. Cluster sampling
 - d. Quota sampling
 - e. Purposive sampling
9. The statistical technique that combines results of a large number of studies is called
- a. Experimental correlation
 - b. Statistical linear analysis
 - c. Meta-analysis
 - d. Hypothesis Testing
 - e. Regression analysis
10. Which of the following can help control for experimenter bias
- a. Double blinding
 - b. Randomly assigning subjects to groups
 - c. Using control groups
 - d. Demand characteristics
 - e. ANOVA
11. An empirical study used to estimate the causal impact of an independent and dependent variables on its target population, but they specifically lack the element of random assignment to the control group is called:
- a. True –experiments
 - b. Quasi-experiment
 - c. Correlational study

- d. Naturalistic observation
- e. Longitudinal study

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